# West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Division of Air Quality Randy C. B.

Joe Manchin, III Governor Randy C. Huffman Cabinet Secretary

# Permit to Construct



## R13-1397B

This permit is issued in accordance with the West Virginia Air Pollution Control Act (West Virginia Code §§ 22-5-1 et seq.) and 45CSR13 — Permits for Construction, Modification, Relocation and Operation of Stationary Sources of Air Pollutants, Notification Requirements, Temporary Permits, General Permits and Procedures for Evaluation. The permittee identified at the facility listed below is authorized to construct the stationary sources of air pollutants identified herein in accordance with all terms and conditions of this permit.

Issued to:

Federal Bureau of Investigation Clarksburg Site 033-00038

> John A. Benedict Director

Issued: Draft • Effective: Draft

This permit will supercede and replace Permit R13-1397A and G60-C018.

Facility Location: Clarksburg, Harrison County, West Virginia

Mailing Address: 1000 Custer Hollow Road

Facility Description: boilers, emergency generators, and paint booth

NAICS Code: 922190

UTM Coordinates: 562.399 km Easting • 4,353.190 km Northing • Zone 17

Permit Type: Modification

Description of Change: Two additional emergency generators.

Any person whose interest may be affected, including, but not necessarily limited to, the applicant and any person who participated in the public comment process, by a permit issued, modified or denied by the Secretary may appeal such action of the Secretary to the Air Quality Board pursuant to article one [§§ 22B-1-1 et seq.], Chapter 22B of the Code of West Virginia. West Virginia Code §22-5-14.

This permit does not affect 45CSR30 applicability, the source is a nonmajor source subject to 45CSR30.

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# 1.0 Emission Units

Emission Unit ID	Emission Point ID	Emission Unit Description	Year Installed	Design Capacity	Control Device
B-1	B-1	Boiler #1	1992	25 MMBTU/hr	N/A
B-2	B-2	Boiler #2	1992	25 MMBTU/hr	N/A
B-3	B-3	Boiler #3	1992	12.5 MMBTU/hr	N/A
B-4	B-4	Boiler #4	1993	4.2 MMBTU/hr	N/A
B-5	B-5	Boiler #5	1993	4.2 MMBTU/hr	N/A
B-6	B-6	Boiler #6	1993	0.3 MMBTU/hr	N/A
DG-1	DG-1	Diesel Generator #1	1992	2,847 hp	N/A
DG-2	DG-2	Diesel Generator #2	1992	2,847 hp	N/A
DG-3	DG-3	Diesel Generator #3	1992	2,847 hp	N/A
DG-4	DG-4	Diesel Generator #4	1992	2,847 hp	N/A
DG-5	DG-5	Diesel Generator #5	1992	2,847 hp	N/A
DG-6	DG-6	Diesel Generator #6	1992	2,847 hp	N/A
DG-7	DG-7	Diesel Generator #7	1992	2,847 hp	N/A
DG-8	DG-8	Diesel Generator #8	2010	2,937 hp	N/A
DG-9	DG-9	Diesel Generator #9	2010	2,937 hp	N/A
PB-1	PB-1	Paint Booth	1997	0.5 gallons/hr	N/A

## 2.0. General Conditions

## 2.1. Definitions

- 2.1.1. All references to the "West Virginia Air Pollution Control Act" or the "Air Pollution Control Act" mean those provisions contained in W.Va. Code §§ 22-5-1 to 22-5-18.
- 2.1.2. The "Clean Air Act" means those provisions contained in 42 U.S.C. §§ 7401 to 7671q, and regulations promulgated thereunder.
- 2.1.3. "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Department of Environmental Protection or such other person to whom the Secretary has delegated authority or duties pursuant to W.Va. Code §§ 22-1-6 or 22-1-8 (45CSR§30-2.12.). The Director of the Division of Air Quality is the Secretary's designated representative for the purposes of this permit.

## 2.2. Acronyms

CAAA	Clean Air Act Amendments	$NO_x$	Nitrogen Oxides
CBI	Confidential Business	NSPS	New Source Performance
	Information		Standards
CEM	Continuous Emission Monitor	PM	Particulate Matter
CES	Certified Emission Statement	$PM_{2.5}$	Particulate Matter less than
C.F.R. or CFR	Code of Federal Regulations		2.5µm in diameter
CO	Carbon Monoxide	$PM_{10}$	Particulate Matter less than
C.S.R. or CSR	Codes of State Rules		10μm in diameter
DAQ	Division of Air Quality	Ppb	Pounds per Batch
DEP	Department of Environmental	pph	Pounds per Hour
	Protection	ppm	Parts per Million
dscm	Dry Standard Cubic Meter	Ppmv or	Parts per million by
FOIA	Freedom of Information Act	ppmv	volume
HAP	Hazardous Air Pollutant	PSD	Prevention of Significant
HON	Hazardous Organic NESHAP		Deterioration
HP	Horsepower	psi	Pounds per Square Inch
lbs/hr	Pounds per Hour	SIC	Standard Industrial
LDAR	Leak Detection and Repair		Classification
M	Thousand	SIP	State Implementation Plan
MACT	Maximum Achievable	$SO_2$	Sulfur Dioxide
	Control Technology	TAP	Toxic Air Pollutant
MDHI	Maximum Design Heat Input	TPY	Tons per Year
MM	Million	TRS	Total Reduced Sulfur
MMBtu/hr or	Million British Thermal Units	TSP	Total Suspended Particulate
mmbtu/hr	per Hour	USEPA	United States Environmental
MMCF/hr or	Million Cubic Feet per Hour		Protection Agency
mmcf/hr		UTM	Universal Transverse
NA	Not Applicable		Mercator
NAAQS	National Ambient Air Quality	VEE	Visual Emissions Evaluation
	Standards	VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
NESHAPS	National Emissions Standards	VOL	Volatile Organic Liquids
	for Hazardous Air Pollutants		

## 2.3. Authority

This permit is issued in accordance with West Virginia Air Pollution Control Law W.Va. Code §§22-5-1 et seq. and the following Legislative Rules promulgated thereunder:

2.3.1. 45CSR13 – Permits for Construction, Modification, Relocation and Operation of Stationary Sources of Air Pollutants, Notification Requirements, Temporary Permits, General Permits and Procedures for Evaluation;

#### 2.4. Term and Renewal

2.4.1. This permit supercedes and replaces previously issued Permit R13-1397B and G60-018 permit shall remain valid, continuous and in effect unless it is revised, suspended, revoked or otherwise changed under an applicable provision of 45CSR13 or any applicable legislative rule.

## 2.5. Duty to Comply

2.5.1. The permitted facility shall be constructed and operated in accordance with the plans and specifications filed in Permit Application R13-1397B and any modifications, administrative updates, or amendments thereto. The Secretary may suspend or revoke a permit if the plans and specifications upon which the approval was based are not adhered to ;.

[45CSR\\$\§13-5.11 and 13-10.3]

- 2.5.2. The permittee must comply with all conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the West Virginia Code and the Clean Air Act and is grounds for enforcement action by the Secretary or USEPA.
- 2.5.3. Violations of any of the conditions contained in this permit, or incorporated herein by reference, may subject the permittee to civil and/or criminal penalties for each violation and further action or remedies as provided by West Virginia Code 22-5-6 and 22-5-7.
- 2.5.4. Approval of this permit does not relieve the permittee herein of the responsibility to apply for and obtain all other permits, licenses and/or approvals from other agencies; i.e., local, state and federal, which may have jurisdiction over the construction and/or operation of the source(s) and/or facility herein permitted.

## 2.6. Duty to Provide Information

The permittee shall furnish to the Secretary within a reasonable time any information the Secretary may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for administratively updating, modifying, revoking or terminating the permit or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the Secretary copies of records to be kept by the permittee. For information claimed to be confidential, the permittee shall furnish such records to the Secretary along with a claim of confidentiality in accordance with 45CSR31. If confidential information is to be sent to USEPA, the permittee shall directly provide such information to USEPA along with a claim of confidentiality in accordance with 40 C.F.R. Part 2.

#### 2.7. Duty to Supplement and Correct Information

Upon becoming aware of a failure to submit any relevant facts or a submittal of incorrect information in any permit application, the permittee shall promptly submit to the Secretary such supplemental facts or corrected information.

#### 2.8. Administrative Update

The permittee may request an administrative update to this permit as defined in and according to the procedures specified in 45CSR13.

[45CSR§13-4]

#### 2.9. Permit Modification

The permittee may request a minor modification to this permit as defined in and according to the procedures specified in 45CSR13.

[45CSR§13-5.4.]

## 2.10. Major Permit Modification

The permittee may request a major modification as defined in and according to the procedures specified in 45CSR14 or 45CSR19, as appropriate.

[45CSR§13-5.1]

#### 2.11. Inspection and Entry

The permittee shall allow any authorized representative of the Secretary, upon the presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to perform the following:

- a. At all reasonable times (including all times in which the facility is in operation) enter upon the permittee's premises where a source is located or emissions related activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
- b. Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
- Inspect at reasonable times (including all times in which the facility is in operation) any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and air pollution control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under the permit;
- d. Sample or monitor at reasonable times substances or parameters to determine compliance with the permit or applicable requirements or ascertain the amounts and types of air pollutants discharged.

#### 2.12. Emergency

2.12.1. An "emergency" means any situation arising from sudden and reasonable unforeseeable events beyond the control of the source, including acts of God, which situation requires immediate corrective action to restore normal operation, and that causes the source to exceed a technology-based emission limitation under the permit, due to unavoidable increases in emissions attributable to the emergency. An emergency shall not include noncompliance to the extent caused by improperly designed

equipment, lack of preventative maintenance, careless or improper operation, or operator error.

- 2.12.2. Effect of any emergency. An emergency constitutes an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with such technology-based emission limitations if the conditions of Section 2.12.3 are not met.
- 2.12.3. The affirmative defense of emergency shall be demonstrated through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that:
  - a. An emergency occurred and that the permittee can identify the cause(s) of the emergency;
  - b. The permitted facility was at the time being properly operated;
  - c. During the period of the emergency the permittee took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emission standards, or other requirements in the permit; and,
  - d. The permittee submitted notice of the emergency to the Secretary within one (1) working day of the time when emission limitations were exceeded due to the emergency and made a request for variance, and as applicable rules provide. This notice must contain a detailed description of the emergency, any steps taken to mitigate emission, and corrective actions taken.
- 2.12.4. In any enforcement proceeding, the permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an emergency has the burden of proof.
- 2.12.5. The provisions of this section are in addition to any emergency or upset provision contained in any applicable requirement.

## 2.13. Need to Halt or Reduce Activity Not a Defense

It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it should have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit. However, nothing in this paragraph shall be construed as precluding consideration of a need to halt or reduce activity as a mitigating factor in determining penalties for noncompliance if the health, safety, or environmental impacts of halting or reducing operations would be more serious than the impacts of continued operations.

#### 2.14. Suspension of Activities

In the event the permittee should deem it necessary to suspend, for a period in excess of sixty (60) consecutive calendar days, the operations authorized by this permit, the permittee shall notify the Secretary, in writing, within two (2) calendar weeks of the passing of the sixtieth (60) day of the suspension period.

## 2.15. Property Rights

This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort or any exclusive privilege.

## 2.16. Severability

The provisions of this permit are severable and should any provision(s) be declared by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid or unenforceable, all other provisions shall remain in full force and effect.

## 2.17. Transferability

This permit is transferable in accordance with the requirements outlined in Section 10.1 of 45CSR13. **[45CSR§13-10.1]** 

## 2.18. Notification Requirements

The permittee shall notify the Secretary, in writing, no later than thirty (30) calendar days after the actual startup of the operations authorized under this permit.

## 2.19. Credible Evidence

Nothing in this permit shall alter or affect the ability of any person to establish compliance with, or a violation of, any applicable requirement through the use of credible evidence to the extent authorized by law. Nothing in this permit shall be construed to waive any defense otherwise available to the permittee including, but not limited to, any challenge to the credible evidence rule in the context of any future proceeding.

## 3.0. Facility-Wide Requirements

## 3.1. Limitations and Standards

3.1.1. **Open burning.** The open burning of refuse by any person, firm, corporation, association or public agency is prohibited except as noted in 45CSR§6-3.1.

[45CSR§6-3.1.]

3.1.2. **Open burning exemptions.** The exemptions listed in 45CSR§6-3.1 are subject to the following stipulation: Upon notification by the Secretary, no person shall cause, suffer, allow or permit any form of open burning during existing or predicted periods of atmospheric stagnation. Notification shall be made by such means as the Secretary may deem necessary and feasible.

[45CSR§6-3.2.]

3.1.3. **Asbestos.** The permittee is responsible for thoroughly inspecting the facility, or part of the facility, prior to commencement of demolition or renovation for the presence of asbestos and complying with 40 C.F.R. § 61.145, 40 C.F.R. § 61.148, and 40 C.F.R. § 61.150. The permittee, owner, or operator must notify the Secretary at least ten (10) working days prior to the commencement of any asbestos removal on the forms prescribed by the Secretary if the permittee is subject to the notification requirements of 40 C.F.R. § 61.145(b)(3)(i). The USEPA, the Division of Waste Management and the Bureau for Public Health - Environmental Health require a copy of this notice to be sent to them. **[40CFR§61.145(b) and 45CSR§34]** 

3.1.4. Odor. No person shall cause, suffer, allow or permit the discharge of air pollutants which cause or contribute to an objectionable odor at any location occupied by the public.
[45CSR§4-3.1 State-Enforceable only.]

3.1.5. **Permanent shutdown.** A source which has not operated at least 500 hours in one 12-month period within the previous five (5) year time period may be considered permanently shutdown, unless such source can provide to the Secretary, with reasonable specificity, information to the contrary. All permits and general permit registrations may be modified or revoked and/or reapplication or application for new permits and general permit registrations may be required for any source determined to be permanently shutdown.

[45CSR§13-10.5.]

3.1.6. **Standby plan for reducing emissions.** When requested by the Secretary, the permittee shall prepare standby plans for reducing the emissions of air pollutants in accordance with the objectives set forth in Tables I, II, and III of 45CSR11.

[45CSR§11-5.2.]

#### 3.2. Monitoring Requirements

[Reserved]

## 3.3. Testing Requirements

3.3.1. **Stack testing.** As per provisions set forth in this permit or as otherwise required by the Secretary, in accordance with the West Virginia Code, underlying regulations, permits and orders, the

permittee shall conduct test(s) to determine compliance with the emission limitations set forth in this permit and/or established or set forth in underlying documents. The Secretary, or his duly authorized representative, may at his option witness or conduct such test(s). Should the Secretary exercise his option to conduct such test(s), the operator shall provide all necessary sampling connections and sampling ports to be located in such manner as the Secretary may require, power for test equipment and the required safety equipment, such as scaffolding, railings and ladders, to comply with generally accepted good safety practices. Such tests shall be conducted in accordance with the methods and procedures set forth in this permit or as otherwise approved or specified by the Secretary in accordance with the following:

- a. The Secretary may on a source-specific basis approve or specify additional testing or alternative testing to the test methods specified in the permit for demonstrating compliance with 40 C.F.R. Parts 60, 61, and 63 in accordance with the Secretary's delegated authority and any established equivalency determination methods which are applicable. If a testing method is specified or approved which effectively replaces a test method specified in the permit, the permit may be revised in accordance with 45CSR§13-4 or 45CSR§13-5.4 as applicable.
- b. The Secretary may on a source-specific basis approve or specify additional testing or alternative testing to the test methods specified in the permit for demonstrating compliance with applicable requirements which do not involve federal delegation. In specifying or approving such alternative testing to the test methods, the Secretary, to the extent possible, shall utilize the same equivalency criteria as would be used in approving such changes under Section 3.3.1.a. of this permit. If a testing method is specified or approved which effectively replaces a test method specified in the permit, the permit may be revised in accordance with 45CSR§13-4 or 45CSR§13-5.4 as applicable.
- c. All periodic tests to determine mass emission limits from or air pollutant concentrations in discharge stacks and such other tests as specified in this permit shall be conducted in accordance with an approved test protocol. Unless previously approved, such protocols shall be submitted to the Secretary in writing at least thirty (30) days prior to any testing and shall contain the information set forth by the Secretary. In addition, the permittee shall notify the Secretary at least fifteen (15) days prior to any testing so the Secretary may have the opportunity to observe such tests. This notification shall include the actual date and time during which the test will be conducted and, if appropriate, verification that the tests will fully conform to a referenced protocol previously approved by the Secretary.

[WV Code § 22-5-4(a)(15)]

## 3.4. Recordkeeping Requirements

3.4.1. **Retention of records.** The permittee shall maintain records of all information (including monitoring data, support information, reports and notifications) required by this permit recorded in a form suitable and readily available for expeditious inspection and review. Support information includes all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation. The files shall be maintained for at least five (5) years following the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record. At a minimum, the most recent two (2) years of data shall be maintained on site. The remaining three (3) years of data may be maintained off site, but must remain accessible within a reasonable time. Where appropriate, the permittee may maintain records electronically (on a computer, on computer floppy disks, CDs, DVDs,

or magnetic tape disks), on microfilm, or on microfiche.

3.4.2. **Odors.** For the purposes of 45CSR4, the permittee shall maintain a record of all odor complaints received, any investigation performed in response to such a complaint, and any responsive action(s) taken.

[45CSR§4. State-Enforceable only.]

## 3.5. Reporting Requirements

- 3.5.1. **Responsible official.** Any application form, report, or compliance certification required by this permit to be submitted to the DAQ and/or USEPA shall contain a certification by the responsible official that states that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate and complete.
- 3.5.2. **Confidential information.** A permittee may request confidential treatment for the submission of reporting required by this permit pursuant to the limitations and procedures of W.Va. Code § 22-5-10 and 45CSR31.
- 3.5.3. **Correspondence.** All notices, requests, demands, submissions and other communications required or permitted to be made to the Secretary of DEP and/or USEPA shall be made in writing and shall be deemed to have been duly given when delivered by hand, or mailed first class with postage prepaid to the address(es) set forth below or to such other person or address as the Secretary of the Department of Environmental Protection may designate:

#### If to the DAQ:

#### If to the USEPA:

Director WVDEP Division of Air Quality 601 57th Street, SE Charleston, WV 25304-2345 Associate Director
Office of Enforcement and Permits Review
(3AP12)
U. S. Environmental Protection Agency
Region III
1650 Arch Street
Philadelphia, PA 19103-2029

## 3.5.4. **Operating Fee.**

- 3.5.4.1. In accordance with 45CSR30 Operating Permit Program, the permittee shall submit a Certified Emissions Statement (CES) and pay fees on an annual basis in accordance with the submittal requirements of the Division of Air Quality. A receipt for the appropriate fee shall be maintained on the premises for which the receipt has been issued, and shall be made immediately available for inspection by the Secretary or his/her duly authorized representative.
- 3.5.5. **Emission inventory.** At such time(s) as the Secretary may designate, the permittee herein shall prepare and submit an emission inventory for the previous year, addressing the emissions from the facility and/or process(es) authorized herein, in accordance with the emission inventory submittal requirements of the Division of Air Quality. After the initial submittal, the Secretary may, based upon the type and quantity of the pollutants emitted, establish a frequency other than on an annual basis.

## 4.0. Source-Specific Requirements

## 4.1. Limitations and Standards

4.1.1. Emissions from the facility shall not exceed the following:

Source ID	Emission Source	Pollutant	Maximum Hourly Emissions (lb/hr)	Maximum Annual Emissions (tpy)
		Nitrogen Oxides	2.51	11.00
B-1	Boiler #1	Carbon Monoxide	2.11	9.24
	25 MMBTU/hr	Volatile Organic Compounds	0.14	0.60
		Sulfur Dioxide	0.02	0.07
		Total Particulate Matter	0.19	0.84
		Nitrogen Oxides	2.51	11.00
B-2	Boiler #2	Carbon Monoxide	2.11	9.24
	25 MMBTU/hr	Volatile Organic Compounds	0.14	0.60
		Sulfur Dioxide	0.02	0.07
		Total Particulate Matter	0.19	0.84
		Nitrogen Oxides	0.42	1.84
B-3	Boiler #3	Carbon Monoxide	0.35	1.55
	12.5 MMBTU/hr	Volatile Organic Compounds	0.03	0.10
		Sulfur Dioxide	0.01	0.01
		Total Particulate Matter	0.04	0.14
		Nitrogen Oxides	0.42	1.84
B-4	Boiler #4	Carbon Monoxide	0.35	1.55
	4.2 MMBTU/hr	Volatile Organic Compounds	0.03	0.10
		Sulfur Dioxide	0.01	0.01
		Total Particulate Matter	0.04	0.14
		Nitrogen Oxides	0.42	1.84
B-5	Boiler #5	Carbon Monoxide	0.35	1.55
	4.2 MMBTU/hr	Volatile Organic Compounds	0.023	0.1
		Sulfur Dioxide	0.01	0.01
		Total Particulate Matter	0.04	0.14
		Nitrogen Oxides	0.03	0.13
B-6	Boiler #6	Carbon Monoxide	0.03	0.11
	0.3 MMBTU/hr	Volatile Organic Compounds	0.01	0.01
		Sulfur Dioxide	0.01	0.01
		Total Particulate Matter	0.01	0.01
		Nitrogen Oxides	70.93	6.81
DG-1	Diesel Generator #1	Carbon Monoxide	15.63	1.5
	2847 hp	Volatile Organic Compounds	0.40	0.04
		Sulfur Dioxide	3.89	0.37
		Total Particulate Matter	0.63	0.06
200	D: 10	Nitrogen Oxides	70.93	6.81
DG-2	Diesel Generator #2	Carbon Monoxide	15.63	1.5
	2847 hp	Volatile Organic Compounds	0.40	0.04
		Sulfur Dioxide	3.89	0.37
		Total Particulate Matter	0.63	0.06
DC 2	Diagram (1997)	Nitrogen Oxides	70.93	6.81
DG-3	Diesel Generator #3	Carbon Monoxide	15.63	1.5
	2847 hp	Volatile Organic Compounds	0.40	0.04
		Sulfur Dioxide	3.89	0.37

		Total Particulate Matter	0.63	0.06
		Nitrogen Oxides	70.93	6.81
DG-4	Diesel Generator #4	Carbon Monoxide	15.63	1.5
	2847 hp	Volatile Organic Compounds	0.40	0.04
	•	Sulfur Dioxide	3.89	0.37
		Total Particulate Matter	0.63	0.06
		Nitrogen Oxides	70.93	6.81
DG-5	Diesel Generator #5	Carbon Monoxide	15.63	1.5
	2847 hp	Volatile Organic Compounds	0.40	0.04
		Sulfur Dioxide	3.89	0.37
		Total Particulate Matter	0.63	0.06
		Nitrogen Oxides	70.93	6.81
DG-6	Diesel Generator #6	Carbon Monoxide	15.63	1.5
	2847 hp	Volatile Organic Compounds	0.40	0.04
		Sulfur Dioxide	3.89	0.37
		Total Particulate Matter	0.63	0.06
		Nitrogen Oxides	70.93	6.81
DG-7	Diesel Generator #7	Carbon Monoxide	15.63	1.5
	2847 hp	Volatile Organic Compounds	0.40	0.04
	•	Sulfur Dioxide	3.89	0.37
		Total Particulate Matter	0.63	0.06
		Nitrogen Oxides	34.90	3.35
DG-8	Diesel Generator #8	Carbon Monoxide	1.88	0.18
	2847 hp	Volatile Organic Compounds	0.71	0.07
	•	Sulfur Dioxide	0.03	0.01
		Total Particulate Matter	0.17	0.016
		Nitrogen Oxides	34.90	3.35
DG-9	Diesel Generator #9	Carbon Monoxide	1.88	0.18
	2847 hp	Volatile Organic Compounds	0.71	0.07
		Sulfur Dioxide	0.03	0.01
		Total Particulate Matter	0.17	0.016
		Total Particulate Matter	0.02	0.01
PB-1	Paint Booth	Volatile Organic Matter	3.93	0.98
		Antimony	0.46	0.12
		Ethyl Benzene	0.20	0.05
		Ethylene Glycol	0.42	0.1
		Cobalt	0.05	0.01
		Methanol	0.34	0.08
		Nickel	0.46	0.12
		Toluene	1.18	0.29
		Xylenes	0.59	0.15

- 4.1.2. **Maximum Natural Gas Usage.** The quantity of natural gas that is consumed in Boiler B-1 shall not exceed 220,000,000 (220 x 10<sup>6</sup>) cubic feet per year (ft³/yr). The quantity of natural gas that is consumed in Boiler B-2 shall not exceed 220 x 10<sup>6</sup> ft³/yr. The quantity of natural gas that is consumed in Boiler B-3 shall not exceed 110 x 10<sup>6</sup> ft³/yr. The quantity of natural gas that is consumed in Boiler B-4 and shall not exceed 36.8 x 10<sup>6</sup> ft³/yr. The quantity of natural gas that is consumed in Boiler B-5 shall not exceed 36.8 x 10<sup>6</sup> ft³/yr. The quantity of natural gas that is consumed in Boiler B-6 shall not exceed 2.63 x 10<sup>6</sup> ft³/yr.
- 4.1.3. The quantity of paint/coating/solvent for the paint booth shall not exceed 0.5 gallons/hour.

- 4.1.4. **Maximum Diesel Usage.** The quantity of #2 fuel oil that is consumed in Diesel Generator DG-1 shall not exceed 30,912 (30.912 x 10<sup>3</sup>) gallons per year (gal/yr).
- 4.1.5. The hours of operation of the emergency engines shall not exceed 192 hours per engine per year.
- 4.1.x. **Operation and Maintenance of Air Pollution Control Equipment.** The permittee shall, to the extent practicable, install, maintain, and operate all pollution control equipment listed in Section 1.0 and associated monitoring equipment in a manner consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions, or comply with any more stringent limits set forth in this permit or as set forth by any State rule, Federal regulation, or alternative control plan approved by the Secretary.

[45CSR§13-5.11.]

## 4.2. Monitoring Requirements

- 4.2.1. No person shall cause, suffer, allow or permit emission of smoke and/or particulate matter into the open air from any fuel burning unit which is greater than ten (10) percent opacity based on a six minute block average.[45CSR§2-3.1.]
- 4.2.2 Compliance with the visible emission requirements of subsection 3.1 shall be determined in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 or by using measurements from continuous opacity monitoring systems approved by the Director. The Director may require the installation, calibration, maintenance and operation of continuous opacity monitoring systems and may establish policies for the evaluation of continuous opacity monitoring results and the determination of compliance with the visible emission requirements of subsection 3.1. [45CSR§2-3.2.]
- 4.2.3 When combusting natural gas this facility shall record date and time of start-up and shutdown, and quantity of fuel consumed on a daily basis. [45CSR§7-1.a.1.]

## 4.3. Testing Requirements

At the time a registered engine is in compliance with an applicable emission standards and at reasonable times to be determined by the Secretary thereafter, appropriate tests consisting of visual determinations or conventional in-stack measurements or such other tests as the Secretary may specify shall be conducted to determine such compliance. The registrant may also be required by the Secretary to collect, report and maintain additional data on the operation and compliance of any registered emergency generator.

4.3.1. For cause, the Secretary may request the registrant to install such stack gas monitoring devices on engines as the Secretary deems necessary to determine continuing compliance. The data from such devices shall be readily available for review on-site or such other reasonable location that the Secretary may specify. At the request of the Secretary, such data shall be made available for inspection or copying and the Secretary may require periodic submission of excess emission reports (45CSR13).

#### 4.3.2 **Notification of Compliance Testing**

For any compliance test to be conducted by the registrant as set forth in this section, a test protocol shall be submitted to the Secretary at least thirty (30) calendar days prior to the scheduled date of the test. Such compliance test protocol shall be subject to approval by the Secretary. The registrant shall notify the Secretary at least fifteen (15) calendar days in advance of actual compliance test dates and times during which the test (or tests) will be conducted.

#### 4.3.3. Alternative Test Methods

The Secretary may require a different test method or approve an alternative method in light of any technology advancements that may occur and may conduct such other tests as may be deem necessary to evaluate air pollution emissions.

- 4.3.4. Owners and operators of stationary CI ICE with a displacement of less than 30 liters per cylinder who conduct performance tests pursuant to this subpart must do so according to paragraphs (a) through (d) of this section. [40CFR§60.4212]
  - 1. The performance test must be conducted according to the in-use testing procedures in 40 CFR part 1039, subpart F. [40CFR§60.4212a]
  - 2. Exhaust emissions from stationary CI ICE that are complying with the emission standards for new CI engines in 40 CFR part 1039 must not exceed the not-to-exceed (NTE) standards for the same model year and maximum engine power as required in 40 CFR 1039.101(e) and 40 CFR 1039.102(g)(1), except as specified in 40 CFR 1039.104(d). This requirement starts when NTE requirements take effect for nonroad diesel engines under 40 CFR part 1039. [40CFR §60.4212b]
  - 3. Exhaust emissions from stationary CI ICE that are complying with the emission standards for new CI engines in 40 CFR 89.112 or 40 CFR 94.8, as applicable, must not exceed the NTE numerical requirements, rounded to the same number of decimal places as the applicable standard in 40 CFR 89.112 or 40 CFR 94.8, as applicable, determined from the following equation:

NTE Requirement for each pollutant - (1.25) x (STD)

#### Where:

STD = The standard specified for that pollutant in 40 CFR 89.112 or 40 CFR 94.8, as applicable.

Alternatively, stationary CI ICE that are complying with the emission standards for new CI engines in 40 CFR 89.112 or 40 CFR 94.8 may follow the testing procedures specified in §60.4213 of this subpart, as appropriate. [40CFR§60.4212c]

4. Exhaust emissions from stationary CI ICE that are complying with the emission standards for pre-2007 model year engines in \$60.4204(a), \$60.4205(a), or \$60.4205(c) must not exceed the NTE numerical requirements, rounded to the same number of decimal places as the applicable standard in \$60.4204(a), \$60.4205(a), or \$60.4205(c), determined from the equation in paragraph (c) of this section.

## Where:

STD = The standard specified for that pollutant in §60.4204(a), §60.4205(a), or §60.4205(c).

Alternatively, stationary CI ICE that are complying with the emission standards for pre-2007 model year engines in \$60.4204(a), \$60.4205(a), or \$60.4205(c) may follow the testing procedures specified in \$60.4213, as appropriate. [40CFR\$60.4212d]

- 4.3.5. Owners and operators of stationary CI ICE with a displacement of greater than or equal to 30 liters per cylinder must conduct performance tests according to paragraphs (a) through (d) of this section. [40CFR§60.4213]
  - 1. Each performance test must be conducted according to the requirements in §60.8 and under the specific conditions that this subpart specifies in table 7. The test must be conducted within 10 percent of 100 percent peak (or the highest achievable) load. [40CFR§60.4213a]

- 2. You may not conduct performance tests during periods of startup, shutdown, or malfunction, as specified in §60.8(c). [40CFR§60.4213b]
- 3. You must conduct three separate test runs for each performance test required in this section, as specified in §60.8(f). Each test run must last at least 1 hour. [40CFR§60.4213c]
- 4. To determine compliance with the percent reduction requirement, you must follow the requirements as specified in paragraphs (d)(1) through (3) of this section. [40CFR§60.4213d]
- a. You must use Equation 2 of this section to determine compliance with the percent reduction requirement:

$$\frac{C_i - C_o}{C_i} \times 100 = R \qquad (Eq. 2)$$

Where:

 $Ci = concentration of NO_x or PM$  at the control device inlet,

 $Co = concentration of NO_X or PM$  at the control device outlet, and

 $R = percent reduction of NO_X or PM emissions.$ 

(2) You must normalize the  $NO_X$  or PM concentrations at the inlet and outlet of the control device to a dry basis and to 15 percent oxygen ( $O_2$ ) using Equation 3 of this section, or an equivalent percent carbon dioxide ( $CO_2$ ) using the procedures described in paragraph (d)(3) of this section.

Where:

$$C_{adj} = C_d \frac{5.9}{20.9 - \% O_2}$$
 (Eq. 3)

Cadj = Calculated NO<sub>x</sub> or PM concentration adjusted to 15 percent O<sub>2</sub>.

Cd = Measured concentration of  $NO_X$  or PM, uncorrected.

5.9 = 20.9 percent  $O_2$ --15 percent  $O_2$ , the defined  $O_2$  correction value, percent.

 $%O_2$  = Measured  $O_2$  concentration, dry basis, percent.

- (3) If pollutant concentrations are to be corrected to 15 percent  $O_2$  and  $CO_2$  concentration is measured in lieu of  $O_2$  concentration measurement, a  $CO_2$  correction factor is needed. Calculate the  $CO_2$  correction factor as described in paragraphs (d)(3)(I) through (iii) of this section.
  - (i) Calculate the fuel-specific Fo value for the fuel burned during the test using values obtained from Method 19, Section 5.2, and the following equation:

$$F_o = \frac{0.209_{E_0}}{F_a}$$
 (Eq. 4)

Where:

Fo = Fuel factor based on the ratio of  $O_2$  volume to the ultimate  $CO_2$  volume produced by the fuel at zero percent excess air.

 $0.209 = \text{Fraction of air that is O}_2$ , percent/100.

Fd = Ratio of the volume of dry effluent gas to the gross calorific value of the fuel from Method 19, dsm 3 /J (dscf/10 6 Btu).

Fc = Ratio of the volume of  $CO_2$  produced to the gross calorific value of the fuel from Method 19, dsm 3 /J (dscf/10 6 Btu).

(ii) Calculate the CO<sub>2</sub> correction factor for correcting measurement data to 15 percent O<sub>2</sub>, as follows:

$$X_{CO_1} = \frac{5.9}{F_0}$$
 (Eq. 5)

Where:

 $XCO_2 = CO_2$  correction factor, percent.

5.9 = 20.9 percent  $O_2$ --15 percent  $O_2$ , the defined  $O_2$  correction value, percent.

(iii) Calculate the NO<sub>X</sub> and PM gas concentrations adjusted to 15 percent O<sub>2</sub> using CO<sub>2</sub> as follows:

$$C_{adj} = C_d \frac{X_{CO_d}}{\%CO_g}$$
 (Eq. 6)

Where:

Cadj = Calculated NOX or PM concentration adjusted to 15 percent O<sub>2</sub>.

 $Cd = Measured concentration of NO_x or PM, uncorrected.$ 

 $%CO_2 = Measured CO_2$  concentration, dry basis, percent.

4.3.6. To determine compliance with the  $NO_X$  mass per unit output emission limitation, convert the concentration of  $NO_X$  in the engine exhaust using Equation 7 of this section: [40CFR§60.4213e]

$$ER = \frac{C_4 \times 1.912 \times 10^{-3} \times Q \times T}{KW-hour} \qquad (Eq. 7)$$

Where:

ER = Emission rate in grams per KW-hour.

 $Cd = Measured NO_x concentration in ppm.$ 

1.912x10--3 = Conversion constant for ppm  $NO_X$  to grams per standard cubic meter at 25 degrees Celsius.

Q = Stack gas volumetric flow rate, in standard cubic meter per hour.

T = Time of test run, in hours.

KW-hour = Brake work of the engine, in KW-hour.

4.3.7. To determine compliance with the PM mass per unit output emission limitation, convert the concentration of PM in the engine exhaust using Equation 8 of this section:

$$ER = \frac{C_{adj} \times Q \times T}{KW-hour} \qquad (E \neq 8)$$

Where:

ER = Emission rate in grams per KW-hour.

Cadj = Calculated PM concentration in grams per standard cubic meter.

Q = Stack gas volumetric flow rate, in standard cubic meter per hour.

T = Time of test run, in hours.

KW-hour = Energy output of the engine, in KW.

## 4.4. Recordkeeping Requirements

- 4.4.1 For the purpose of determining compliance for ENG1, ENG2, and ENG3 with the Regulated Pollutant Limitation for SO<sup>2</sup>, a person designated by a Responsible Official or Authorized Representative shall maintain records of the maximum sulfur content on a per-shipment basis for fuel oil, recycled or used oil or annual certification of the sulfur content from the supplier.
- 4.4.2 If the stationary CI internal combustion engine is equipped with a diesel particulate filter, the owner or operator must keep records of any corrective action taken after the backpressure monitor has notified the owner or operator that the high backpressure limit of the engine is approached. [40CFR§60.4214c]
- 4.4.3. **Record of Monitoring.** The permittee shall keep records of monitoring information that include the following:
  - a. The date, place as defined in this permit and time of sampling or measurements;
  - b. The date(s) analyses were performed;
  - c. The company or entity that performed the analyses;
  - d. The analytical techniques or methods used;
  - e. The results of the analyses; and
  - f. The operating conditions existing at the time of sampling or measurement.
- 4.4.4. **Record of Maintenance of Air Pollution Control Equipment.** For all pollution control equipment listed in Section 1.0, the permittee shall maintain accurate records of all required pollution control equipment inspection and/or preventative maintenance procedures.
- 4.4.5. **Record of Malfunctions of Air Pollution Control Equipment.** For all air pollution control equipment listed in Section 1.0, the permittee shall maintain records of the occurrence and duration of any malfunction or operational shutdown of the air pollution control equipment during which excess emissions occur. For each such case, the following information shall be recorded:
  - a. The equipment involved.
  - b. Steps taken to minimize emissions during the event.

- c. The duration of the event.
- d. The estimated increase in emissions during the event.

For each such case associated with an equipment malfunction, the additional information shall also be recorded:

- e. The cause of the malfunction.
- f. Steps taken to correct the malfunction.
- g. Any changes or modifications to equipment or procedures that would help prevent future recurrences of the malfunction.
- 4.4.6. To show compliance with Subpart Dc's  $SO_2$  standard the FBI will keep records of natural gas consumption for each calendar month.

## 4.5. Reporting Requirements

#### 4.5.1. Compliance Testing

The owner of operator of any affected facility shall submit written reports of the results of all performance tests conducted to demonstrate compliance with the standards set forth in 40 CFR 60.672, including reports of opacity observations made using Method 9 to demonstrate compliance with 40 CFR 60.676 (b), (c), and (d).

## CERTIFICATION OF DATA ACCURACY

I, the undersigned, hereby certify that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, all							
informatio	n contained in the attached	, representing the period					
beginning		and ending		, and any			
supporting documents appended hereto, is true, accurate, and complete.							
Signature <sup>1</sup> (please use blue ink)	Responsible Official or Authorized Representative		- Date				
(please use blue lik)	responsible official of Futurorized representative		Bute				
(please print or type)	Name		Title				
Telephone No		Fax No					

This form shall be signed by a "Responsible Official." "Responsible Official" means one of the following:

- a. For a corporation: The president, secretary, treasurer, or vice-president of the corporation in charge of a principal business function, or any other person who performs similar policy or decision-making functions for the corporation, or a duly authorized representative of such person if the representative is responsible for the overall operation of one or more manufacturing, production, or operating facilities applying for or subject to a permit and either:
  - (I) the facilities employ more than 250 persons or have a gross annual sales or expenditures exceeding \$25 million (in second quarter 1980 dollars), or
  - (ii) the delegation of authority to such representative is approved in advance by the Director;
- b. For a partnership or sole proprietorship: a general partner or the proprietor, respectively;
- c. For a municipality, State, Federal, or other public entity: either a principal executive officer or ranking elected official. For the purposes of this part, a principal executive officer of a Federal agency includes the chief executive officer having responsibility for the overall operations of a principal geographic unit of the agency (e.g., a Regional Administrator of USEPA); or
- d. The designated representative delegated with such authority and approved in advance by the Director.